

ACR Criteria for the classification of systemic lupus erythematosus

1. Malar rash
2. Discoid rash
3. Photosensitivity
4. Oral ulcers
5. Arthritis
6. Serositis
7. Renal disorder
8. Neurologic disorder
9. Hematologic disorder
10. Immunologic disorder
11. Antinuclear Antibody

Any of four or more criteria should be present, serially or simultaneously.



The 1997 Revised Criteria for the Classification of SLE

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11. Antinuclear Antibody

- a) Anti-DNA
or
- b) Anti-Sm
or
- c) Positive finding of antiphospholipid antibodies based on:
 - 1 An abnormal serum level of IgG or IgM anticardiolipin antibodies
or
 - 2 A positive test result for lupus anticoagulant using a standard method
or
 - 3 A false positive serologic test for syphilis, known to be positive for at least 6 months



ACR-Criteria: Prevalence in course of disease

		Prevalence in course of disease [%]
1	Malar rash	50
2	Discoid rash	10 - 30
3	Photosensitivity	15 - 40
4	Oral and nasopharyngeal ulcers	15 - 25
5	Arthritis, not erosive	90
6a	Pleuritis	50 - 60
6b	Pericarditis	20 - 25
7a	Persistent proteinuria > 0,5 g/die	50 - 70
7b	Zylindrurie (erythrocyte, granule)	30 - 40
8a	Neurobiological manifestations; cramps	10
8b	Psychosis	15
9a	Hemolytic anemia with reticulocytosis	10
9b	Leukocytopenia < 4000 /m	40 - 50
9c	Lymphocytopenia <1500 /m	60 - 80
9d	Thrombocytopenia <100.000 /m	20 - 30
10a	dsDNA antibodies	60 - 90
10b	sm antibodies	10 - 30
10c	Cardiolipin antibodies	
11	Antinuclear antibodies	>95

